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AND FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

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CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1831.

NO. 9.

POLITICAL.

RESIGNATION OF THE CABINET.
Correspondence between the President and Mr. Van Buren, on the latter resigning the office of Secretary of State.

From the Washington Globe, April 23.
It will appear, by the publication in our columns to-day, that the Secretary of State has tendered his resignation to the President, who has accepted it. The grounds upon which this step was taken are so fully and distinctly stated in the correspondence, that comment on our part is unnecessary. On the 7th the Secretary of State tendered his resignation to the President, and yesterday, the Secretary of the Treasury and Secretary of the Navy handed in theirs, all of which have been accepted. From this it is inferred that a new organization of the Cabinet is to take place.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 11th, 1831.
Dear Sir:—I feel it to be my duty to retire from the office to which your confidence and partiality called me. The delicacy of this step, under the circumstances in which it is taken, will I trust, be deemed an ample apology for stating more at large, than might otherwise have been necessary, the reasons by which I am influenced.

From the moment of taking my seat in your Cabinet, it has been my anxious wish and zealous endeavor to prevent a premature agitation of the question of your successors; and, at all events to discountenance, and if possible to repress the disposition, at an early day manifested, to connect my name with that disturbing topic. Of the sincerity and the constancy of this disposition, no one has had a better opportunity to judge than yourself. It has, however, been unavailing. Circumstances, not of my creation, and altogether beyond my control, have given to this subject a turn which cannot now be remedied, except by a self-disfranchisement which, even if dictated by my individual wishes, could hardly be reconcilable with propriety or self respect.

Concerning the injurious effects which the circumstance of a member of the Cabinet's occupying the relation towards the country, to which I have alluded, is calculated to have upon the conduct of public affairs, there cannot, I think, at this time, be room for two opinions. Diversities of ulterior preference among the friends of an Administration are unavoidable; and even if the respective advocates of those thus placed in rivalry be patriotic enough to resist the temptation of creating obstacles to the advancement of him to whose elevation they are opposed, by embarrassing the branch of public service committed to his charge, they are, nevertheless, by their position, exposed to the suspicion of entertaining and encouraging such views: a suspicion which can seldom fail in the end, to aggravate into present alienation and hostility the prospective differences which first gave rise to it. Thus, under the least unfavorable consequences, individual injustice is suffered, and the Administration embarrassed and weakened.

Whatever may have been the course of things under the peculiar circumstances of the earlier stage of the Republic, my experience has fully satisfied me that at this day, when the field of selection has become so extended, the circumstances referred to, by augmenting the motives and sources of opposition to the measures of the Executive, are a source of injury to the public service, for a counterpoise to which we may in vain look to the peculiar qualifications of any individual; and even if I should in this be mistaken still I cannot so far forget myself as to believe for a moment that I am included in the exceptions.

These obstructions to the successful prosecution of public affairs, when superadded to that opposition which is inseparable from our free institutions, and which every administration must expect, present a mass to which the operations of the government should at no time be voluntarily exposed:—the more especially should this be avoided at so eventful a period in the affairs of the world, when our country may particularly need the utmost harmony in her councils.

Such being my impressions, the path of duty is plain, and I not only submit with cheerfulness to whatever personal sacrifices may be involved in the surrender of the station I occupy, but I make it my ambition to set an example which should fit in the progress of the Government be deemed, notwithstanding the humility of its origin, worthy of respect and observance, cannot, I think, fail to prove essential, and permanently beneficial.

Allow me, Sir, to present one more view of this subject.—You have consented to stand before your Constituents for re-election. Of their decision, resting as it does upon the un-

bought suffrages of a free, numerous, and widely extended people, it becomes no man to speak with certainty. Judging, however, from the past, and making a reasonable allowance for the fair exercise of the intelligence and public spirit of your fellow-citizens, I cannot hesitate in adopting the belief that the confidence, as well in your capacity for civil duties as in your civic virtues, already so spontaneously and strikingly displayed, will be manifested with increased energy, now, that all candid observers must admit their utmost expectations to have been more than realized.

If this promise, so auspicious to the best interests of our common country, be fulfilled, the concluding term of your administration will, in the absence of any prominent cause of discord among its supporters, afford a most favorable opportunity for the full accomplishment of those important public objects, in the prosecution of which I have witnessed on your part such steady vigilance and untiring devotion. To the unfavorable influence which my continuance in your Cabinet, under existing circumstances, may exercise upon this flattering prospect, I cannot, sir, without a total disregard of the lights of experience, and without shutting my eyes to the obvious tendency of things for the future, be insensible. Having, moreover, from a deep conviction of its importance to the country, been among the most urgent of your advisers to yield yourself to the obvious wishes of the People, and knowing the sacrifice of personal feeling which was involved in your acquiescence, I cannot reconcile it to myself to be in any degree the cause of embarrassment to you during the period which, as it certainly will be of deep interest to your country, is moreover destined to bring to its close, your patriotic, toilsome, and eventful public life.

From these considerations, I feel it to be doubly my duty to resign a post, the retention of which is so calculated to attract assaults upon your administration—assaults of which, whatever be their aim, the most important as well as most injurious effects, upon those public interests which deserve and should command the support of all good citizens. This duty, I should have discharged at an earlier period; but for considerations partly of a public, partly of a personal nature, connected with circumstances which were calculated to expose its performance then to misconstruction and misrepresentation.

Having explained the motives which govern me in this severing, and with seeming abruptness, the official ties by which we have been associated, there remains but one duty for me to perform: it is to make my profound and sincere acknowledgments for that steady support and cheering confidence which, in the discharge of my public duties, I have, under all circumstances, received at your hands; as well as for the personal kindness at all times extended to me.

Rest assured, Sir, that the success of your administration, and the happiness of your private life, will ever constitute objects of the deepest solicitude with me.

Your sincere friend and obedient servant,
M. VAN BUREN.
THE PRESIDENT.

Dear Sir—Your letter, resigning the office of Secretary of State was received last evening. I could indeed wish that no circumstance had arisen to interrupt the relations which have for two years, subsisted between us, and that they might have continued through the period during which it may be my lot to remain charged with the duties which the partiality of my countrymen has imposed upon me. But the reasons you present are so strong, that with a proper regard for them, I cannot ask you, on my own account, to remain in the Cabinet.

I am aware of the difficulties you have had to contend with, and of the benefits which have resulted to the affairs of your country, from your continued zeal in the arduous tasks to which you have been subjected. To say that I deeply regret to lose you, is but feebly to express my feelings on the occasion.

The support of advisers, able and true, who, laying aside every thing but a desire to give new vigor to the vital principles of our Union, would look with a single eye to the best means of effecting this paramount object. In you, this hope has been realized to the utmost. In the most trying and difficult moments of my administration, I have always found you sincere, able, and efficient—anxious at all times to afford me every aid. If, however, from circumstances in your judgment sufficient to make it necessary, the official ties subsisting between us must be severed, I can only say that this necessity is deeply lamented by me. I part with you only because you yourself have requested me to do so, and have sustained that request by reasons strong enough to command my assent. I cannot, however, allow the separation to take place, without expressing the hope, that this retirement from public affairs is but temporary; and that if in any other station the government should have occasion for services, the value of which has been so sensibly felt by me, your consent will not be wanting.

Of the state of things to which you allude, I cannot but be fully aware. I look upon it with sorrow, and regret it the more because one of its first effects is to disturb the harmony of my cabinet. It is, however, but an instance of one of the evils to which free governments must ever be liable. The only remedy for these evils, as they arise, lies in the intelligence and public spirit of our common constituents. They will correct them—and in this there is abundant consolation. I cannot quit this subject without adding, that with the best opportunities for observing and judging, I have seen in you no other desire than to move quietly on in the path of your duties, and to promote the harmonious conduct of public affairs. If on this point you have had to encounter detraction, it is but another proof of the utter insufficiency of innocence and worth to shield from such assaults.

Be assured, that the interest you express in my happiness, is most heartily reciprocated—that my most cordial feelings accompany you, and that I am, very sincerely, your friend,
ANDREW JACKSON.
P. S. It is understood that you are to continue in office until your successor is appointed.
M. VAN BUREN, Sec'y of State.

POETICAL.
SPRING.
How beautiful is Spring—the maiden Spring! Whose hand all warm and bright draws forth the flowers.
Who dyes with rainbow tints the young bird's wing.
Who fills with forest scents the April hours— How beautiful she—the year's first child!
(Its sweetest) with her violet tresses crown'd,
Her gesture, like the melopoea, shy and wild,
Her voice a song,—her eyes in pleasures drown'd!
And yet her fairest treasure never is shown
In secret, rich blooms, bright skies, or running river,
(For streams may fail, and buds die ere blown),
But then that Hope (whose eyes are like the morn)
Sweet sister of the Spring, is newly born,
Who forward looks for age, and mirth, and cheer!

FROM THE VIRGINIA ADVOCATE.
To a young lady who presented me with a flower, and desired me to forget her.
Forget thee! does the sun forget
Its pathway in the skies?
Do moons and stars, when once they're set,
Forget their shining spheres?
Forget thee! does the bee forget,
When spring assumes its reign,
To roam abroad in quest of flowers,
That beautify the plain?
Forget thee! does the rose forget,
Each year to bud and bloom—
To sport with perfume?
If they do not, then must my thoughts
Sometimes upon thee bend—
All that I ask is that I may
Think on thee as a friend.
But if the sun forgets to shine,
And stars no more be seen,
Then shall I drink of Lethe's stream,
And cease to think of thee. M. A. L.

PROPERTY.—Great God! how miserable is the lot of man! In prosperity he forgets every one; and in adversity every one forgets him. In prosperity he appears to have lost his senses; and when loaded with misfortunes, he is said never to have had any. In his sudden elevation, he becomes discontented with all the world; and when hurried to the bottom of the wheel of fortune, all the world are discontented with him. He who basks in the sunshine of fortune, should remember that riches sometimes take the wing, and suddenly fly from us.

CONTENT.—The fountain of content must spring up in the mind; and he who has so little knowledge of human nature as to seek happiness by changing any thing but his own disposition, will waste his life in fruitless efforts, and multiply the griefs which he purposes to remove.
JOHNSON.

GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
GEORGE W. HAMMOND respectfully announces to his customers, that he is now receiving and opening a large supply of Fashionable and Seasonable
DRY GOODS,
Hardware, Quincenware, and Groceries.
All of which he has lately purchased in the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets—and to which he would be glad to call their attention.
April 21, 1831.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
JOHN J. FRAME announces to his friends and customers the arrival of his stock of
SPRING GOODS,
embracing the most fashionable, beautiful, and useful articles. He invites an examination of his goods and prices.
April 21, 1831.—St.

CALL AND SEE
The Splendid Assortment of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
At Market-Square, Harpers-Ferry.
THE subscribers are just receiving and opening a general assortment of SEASONABLE GOODS, consisting of British, French, India, German, Irish, and American Dry Goods. They respectfully inform their friends and the public, that their stock is extensive; and those in search of Bargains will find it to their interest to call and examine.
—RUSSELL & FITZSIMONS.
April 21, 1831.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have received, and are now opening, a large and handsome assortment of
SPRING GOODS,
which will be sold low. We invite all who are fond of good bargains, to call and examine for themselves.
JOHN FRAME & CO.
Harpers-Ferry, April 21, 1831.—St.

MORE NEW GOODS.
THE subscriber has just received, and is now opening, (at the old stand) his supply of
NEW SPRING GOODS,
which he invites his friends and customers to call and examine; and assures them, that they will find his goods as cheap and as elegant as will be found in the country.
—SEBASTIAN EATY.
Smithfield, Jefferson Co. Va. }
April 21, 1831.—St.

New Spring Goods.
The subscriber has received his supply of
SPRING GOODS,
and generally to call and examine them.
April 21.
WM. CLEVELAND.

SPRING GOODS.
I AM just receiving and opening a handsome assortment of SPRING GOODS.
—HUMPHREY KEYES.
Charlestown, April 21, 1831.

NOW IS THE TIME!
CALL AND SEE!
I AM now receiving from the northern cities, and opening, a general assortment of
Substantial New Spring GOODS.
Also, a handsome assortment of entirely new style fancy and fashionable
SPRING GOODS.
I particularly invite the ladies of Charlestown and the neighborhood to call and examine my assortment; and all other persons wishing good bargains, as I am determined to make it the interest of all who wish to purchase cheap goods, to call at my store.
—GEO. HUMPHREYS.
April 21, 1831.

NEW SPRING GOODS.
I have received a full supply of superior
NEW SPRING GOODS,
WHICH will be sold very cheap.
—DAVID HUMPHREYS.
Charlestown, April 14, 1831.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that an instalment of two dollars and fifty cents per share, (being the 20th instalment) on every share of stock in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, is required to be paid on the 15th day of June next, which instalment must be paid to the credit of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, to the cashier or other officer of either of the following Banks, viz:
The Branch Bank of the United States at Washington.
The Bank of Washington, at Washington.
The National Bank, do.
The Bank of the Metropolis, do.
The Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, at Georgetown.
The Bank of Alexandria, at Alexandria.
The Bank of Potomac, do.
The Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, do.
The Bank of Alexandria, do.
The Hagerstown Bank, in Hagerstown, Md.
The Branch of the Valley Bank, in Charlestown, Va.
The Branch of the Valley Bank, in Leesburg, Va.
By order of the President and Directors:
JOHN P. INGLE, Clerk
Ches. & Ohio Canal Com.
April 14, 1831.—wt13jn.

VIRGINIA, JEFFERSON CO. SUT:
March Term in 1831, after the County Court.
Thomas Griggs, Jr. COMPLAINANT,
AGAINST
Thomas Brown, DEFENDANT.
IN CHANCERY.
THE defendant in this suit not having entered his appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, to wit: by the affidavit of Elias Edmonds, that the said defendant is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth; it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next June term of this Court, and answer the bill of the complainant, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of this county, for two months successively.
A copy—Teste,
SAMUEL J. CRAMER, c. j. c.
March 31, 1831.

VIRGINIA, JEFFERSON CO. SUT:
March Term, 1831, in the County Court.
John Clardy and Mary his wife, David Clardy and Catharine his wife, David Sheeler, Sr. John Sheeler, Samuel Sheeler, Mary Sheeler, Margaret Sheeler, and Catharine Sheeler, widow and relict of Jacob Sheeler, deceased, COMPLAINANTS,
AGAINST
Martin Sheeler, and A. McDonald, and Jane Sheeler, Catharine Sheeler and Frederick Sheeler, which said Jane, Catharine and Frederick are infants under the age of twenty-one years, DEFENDANTS.
IN CHANCERY.
THE defendants not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth; it is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of the next June term, and answer the bill of the complainants, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, and posted at the front door of the Court-House of this county, for two months successively.
A copy—Teste,
SAMUEL J. CRAMER, c. j. c.
March 31, 1831.

JEFFERSON COUNTY, SUT.
February Court, 1831.
George Feaman, COMPLAINANT,
AGAINST
Jacob Feaman, William Feaman, and Sally Feaman, Benjamin Withshire and Margaret his wife, Maurice W. Baker and Elizabeth his wife, John G. Jackson and Betsy, which said Betsy is the wife of late Harriet Jackson, and Elizabeth, William, Mary, John and George Jackson, children of the said John G. Jackson by his late wife, who was an heir of George Feaman, dec'd, which said Sally Feaman, and Elizabeth, William, Mary, John and George Jackson, are infants, under the age of twenty-one years, DEFENDANTS.
IN CHANCERY.
THE defendants, Jacob Feaman, Adam Feaman, and William Feaman, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this County; it is ordered, that the said Jacob, Adam and William, do appear here on the first day of the next June term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper printed in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court house of this county.
A copy—Teste,
SAMUEL J. CRAMER, c. j. c.
March 10, 1831.

WANTED; IMMEDIATELY,
A STEADY and industrious hand, to cut cord wood for the late Benj. Beeler, near Charlestown. There are 150 or 200 cords, for cutting which, a liberal price will be paid. Apply to
WM. CROW, Junr.
Charlestown, April 14, 1831.—St

BOLIVAR,
(Bred by Sir John.)
THIS very superior JACK, will stand here on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, at Rock Hill, the farm of Thomas H. Willis, near the White-House, on the road leading from Charlestown to Winchester; and on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week, at Capt. James Glenn's near Walper's tavern, about equal distance from Shepherdstown, Harpers Ferry and Charlestown. Bolivar's size is, full 4 feet 1 1/2 inches high, compact form, bone and muscle well breeding him to all we are desirous of breeding mules. Terms, \$1 the season, disbursed by six if paid within the season; \$2 dollars insurance, to be paid as soon as the mares are known to be with foal. Parting with the mare, or irregular attendance at the stand, forfeits the insurance. Twenty-five cents to the groom. The season will commence on the 1st of April, and end the 30th of June.
WM. B. WELLS.
March 24, 1831.

TWILLED RAGS,
FOR SALE BY
HUMPHREY KEYES.

FOR SALE.
ores of Kentucky Land.
tract lies about seven miles
ve the mouth of the Tennessee
d follows its meanderings. At
the Tennessee and Cumberland
get more than twelve miles
of the fertility of land about the
nd is proverbial. The tract I
s, is my undivided portion* of
containing about 4300 acres, upon
two considerable streams of
r creeks, several mill races, and
within twelve miles of Smithland,
upon the Cumberland river, and
even from Paduca, at a gentle
censure. Of this land, a gentleman
the following account, March
20, viz: "Your land lies on the
le of the river. The upland, on
bottom, is the best I have seen on
y, and most beautifully situated,
100 acres of it, and all in a body,
is here called barren, with but few
it, and covered with grass
The balance of the upland is here
bered as well as the bottom."
s, Hickory, walnut, poplar, elm,
some beech, &c., and very little
with in any part; and what there is,
spilly hazel." "Ash woods, I am
d, sells readily along the Tennes-
Ohio rivers, to the owners of
boats, for \$2.00 per cord—
m in want of money, my portion
valuable tract of land shall be sold
most advantageous terms to the
er for cash, or provided payment
delayed beyond two years.

are no minors to prevent an immoderate
and.
SAMUEL C. SNYDER,
Charlestown, } cowsl.
Feb 24, 1831. }

have a pleasant room over my old
d a stable to rent in this place.
S. C. S.

JOHN JACKSON,
able Auctioneer, &c.
PECTULIALLY informs his friends and
a public, that he has been appointed
in the district embracing Shep-
herd's Ferry, in Tennessee, in
the capacity of Auctioneer, to
all who may entrust him with the col-
lection of their claims, that if strict atten-
tionality give any claim to their favor,
quite confident he shall merit a per-
petual patronage. He will make pre-
tensions, in consideration of a fair com-
pensation, to attend to all business con-
cerning the line of his engagements,
longer, he will attend to all calls made
for his services in that way, by due
being given him, either personally or
through the post office at Shepherd's
place of his residence.
Feb 24, 1831.—3m

TAILORING.
subscriber begs leave to inform his
d customers, and the public, that
he has REMOVED HIS SHOP
from late occupied by Mr. Thomas
nearly opposite Capt. Williams',
Charlestown, where he will be very
for any orders in his line. He hopes,
renewed attention to business, the
and durability of his work, to merit
of public patronage.
He would also inform the public, that he
making up, and inferior to any other
quantity of SUMMER CLOTHING,
costs, Roundabouts, Pantalons, and
arranged to be well made—all of
will sell unusually low for cash.
JOHN REED,
1831.

two or three Apprentices will be ta-
ke above business.
J. R.

Justice's Sale of Land.
of a deed of trust executed to
be on the 5th day of June,
by James Stubbs and wife, in
the payment of a certain sum of
said deed mentioned, due to Sa-
muela, which deed has been duly re-
corded in the clerk's office of the county
of Jefferson, I shall proceed to sell,
on the 20th of April, all that par-
cel of land, and all that certain
certain form called "a bill of sale,"
of Jefferson county, which is yet un-
supposed to be about one hundred
acres, and the sales made to
Clair and Nimrod Anderson, ad-
dressees of David H. Allen, Mrs.
Dorothy land, and the heirs of said
and Sinclair. The sale to take
place, between the hours
of 4 on the above mentioned day—
of payment cash.
JOHN RICHARDSON, Sheriff,
1831.—4t.

the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Co.
Washington, April 8, 1831.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that
an instalment of two dollars and fifty
cents per share, (being the 20th instal-
ment) on every share of stock in the
Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company, is
required to be paid on the 15th day of June
next, which instalment must be paid to
the credit of the Chesapeake and Ohio
Canal Company, to the cashier or other
officer of either of the following Banks,
viz:
The Bank of the United States at
Washington, at Washington.
The Bank of Washington, do.
The Bank of the Metropolis, do.
The Farmers and Mechanics' Bank, at Geo-
rgetown.
The Bank of Alexandria, at Alexandria.
The Bank of Potomac, do.
The Farmers' Bank of Alexandria, do.
The Bank of Alexandria, do.
The Hagerstown Bank, in Hagerstown, Md.
The Branch of the Valley Bank, in Charle-
stown, Va.
The Branch of the Valley Bank, in Lees-
burg, Va.
By order of the President and Directors:
JOHN P. INGLE, Clerk
Ches. & Ohio Canal Com.
1831.—wt13jn.

THE LEGISLATURE.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

RICHMOND, APRIL 19.

The last day of the session.—On Monday, the two houses proceeded with the election of Judges. Mr. Bayly nominated Abel P. Upshur, for the 5th circuit, who was unanimously elected.

For the 4th circuit, Mr. Jones nominated Judge Wm. Brockenbrough, who was elected. Mr. Wright nominated Mr. Brown, the present chancellor of the Williamsburg district. Both these gentlemen reside in Williamsburg. The joint vote stood—For Brown 103, Sample 47.

For the 5th circuit, John T. Lomax was nominated by Mr. Newton, and unanimously elected.

For the 6th circuit, John Scott of Fauquier was nominated by Mr. Marshall, and elected without opposition.

For the 7th circuit, Wm. Brockenbrough was nominated by Mr. Leigh, and unanimously elected.

For the 8th circuit, William Daniel was nominated by Mr. Yancey, and elected without opposition.

For the 9th circuit, a contest of some interest arose, which consumed at least two hours. Mr. Watkins nominated William Leigh, and Mr. Knox nominated John W. Lewis. Both gentlemen were highly commended by their respective friends. The joint vote stood—For Leigh 73, Lewis 66.

For the 10th circuit, Mr. Wither nominated Fleming Saunders, who was unanimously elected.

For the 11th circuit, Mr. Gibson nominated Richard H. Field, who was unanimously elected.

The two houses then took a recess until 4 o'clock. Upon re-assembling, the elections were continued.

An animated discussion took place in fitting the next appointment.

For the 12th circuit, Mr. McCue nominated John H. Peyton, of Augusta, and Mr. Garland of Nelson nominated Lucas P. Thompson of Amherst. The joint vote stood—For Thompson 80, Peyton 59.

For the 13th circuit, (of which Jefferson's part) Mr. Lucas nominated Richard E. Parker, who was unanimously chosen. It may be well to state here, that many of Judge Parker's warm friends did not vote for him as a judge of the Norfolk district, under the expectation and belief that he would be elected for the 13th circuit, and from a disposition to consult his wishes, by enabling him to remain at his present residence in Frederick.

For the 14th circuit, Mr. McMahon nominated Daniel Smith, who was unanimously elected.

On Tuesday, the elections were continued, at 9 o'clock.

For the 15th circuit, Mr. Kellar nominated Edward Campbell of Washington county, and Mr. McCollough nominated Benjamin Estill of Washington. The joint vote stood—For Estill 109, Campbell 18.

For the 16th circuit, Mr. Helm nominated Robert Craig of Montgomery; Mr. Weaver nominated Henry Chapman, of Giles; and Mr. Anderson of Bottetourt, nominated James E. Brown of Wythe. No one having a majority on the first vote, Mr. Campbell was dropped. The second joint vote stood—For Brown 73, Craig 52.

For the 17th circuit, Mr. Anderson of Bottetourt, nominated Allen Taylor, the present chancellor of the district, who was unanimously elected.

For the 18th circuit, Mr. Williams, of Harrison, nominated Edwin S. Duncan, who was unanimously elected.

For the 19th circuit, Mr. Newman nominated Lewis Summers, of Kanawha, (the present judge), who was unanimously elected.

For the 20th circuit, Mr. Davison nominated John J. Allen, of Harrison; Mr. Claiborne nominated Moses W. Chapline, of Ohio; and Mr. Jacoba nominated Joseph L. Fry, of Kanawha. Much discussion took place upon these nominations, both in the Senate and House. There was no choice on the first vote. The second joint vote stood—For Fry 73, Chapline 46.

After these elections, the house took up a resolution offered by Mr. Cohoon, in reference to the judge for the first district. It had been found, upon examination, that the name of Henry P. Freemon, who had been county clerk of Montgomery, had been counted for Gen. Taylor. Mr. P. stated, that being the nephew of Gen. T., he had declined voting; and without his name, there was a tie. Considerable debate took place; but both houses eventually agreed to go into a new election.

Mr. Crump nominated Richard H. Baker, of Nansemond, in which he was warmly supported by Mr. Brodnax, Mr. Epper, Mr. Atkinson, Mr. Maxwell, Mr. Claiborne, and Mr. Shield.

Mr. Thompson nominated Robert B. Taylor, in which he was sustained by Mr. Leigh, Mr. Davison, and Mr. Moore.

In the course of debate, a good deal of warmth was exhibited; the opponents of Gen. Taylor considering the vote of the Western members for Gen. T. as influenced by his course in the Convention. The friends of Gen. T. denied that this was the sole governing motive, but admitted that the conduct of that distinguished gentleman in the Convention had increased their affection for him, and from their judgments approved.

The joint vote stood—For Taylor

65, Baker 60. So Gen. T. was duly chosen judge for the first circuit.

The nomination speeches, in many cases, were made up of the most fulsome strains of eulogy, and were spun out to a disgusting and wearisome length. The best rebuke which could have been offered for such an idle waste of words, was given by Mr. Leigh in his nomination of Judge Brockenbrough. "Mr. Speaker, I move that the house proceed to the election of a judge for the 4th circuit."

He then took his seat. It is true, the simple announcement of a name by such a man, was eulogy enough. Mr. Leigh's tribute to the merits of Gen. Taylor, was in the finest taste. Not a word too much, nor a word too little. It was a warm effusion of the heart, but it did equal honor to his judgment.

You will find a list of the districts and circuits, with the judges elected for each. Eight of the twenty judges are new appointments. One vacancy was occasioned by the death of Judge White; Creed Taylor, (chancellor), and Peter Johnston, (law judge), resigned their offices; Chancellor Tucker was appointed to the Court of Appeals; Judges Allen and Stuart were not placed in nomination; and Judge Semple and Chancellor Browne, being in the same circuit, one of them was necessarily pretermitted.

After the choice of Judges, Mr. Leigh offered a joint resolution, fixing the method of holding the spring terms of the Superior Courts of Law and Chancery. Judge PANKEN will consequently hold a term of the Superior Court of Law for Jefferson county, on Monday the 23d day of May next; and the same judge will hold the Chancery Court at Winchester, on some day to be appointed by him.

The usual votes of thanks were given to the Speakers of the respective houses; and the Legislature adjourned sine die.

Thus has terminated the longest session ever held in Virginia. Whether a greater mass of good or evil will be the result, remains yet to be determined.

First District.

1st Circuit—Richard E. Taylor, Southampton, Greenville, Surry, Isle of Wight, Nansemond, Princess Anne and Norfolk.

2d Circuit—John F. May, Dinwiddie, Nottoway, Amelia, Brunswick, Sussex, Prince George and Petersburg.

3d Circuit—Abel P. Upshur, Charles City, James City, York, Warwick, Elizabeth City, Northampton and Accomack.

4th Circuit—William Daniel, King William, New Kent, King and Queen's, Stafford, Gloucester and Matthews.

5th Circuit—John T. Lomax, Lancaster, Northumberland, Richmond, Westmoreland, King George, Caroline and Spotsylvania.

6th Circuit—John Scott, Fauquier, Loudoun, Prince William, Fairfax and Stafford.

7th Circuit—Wm. Brockenbrough, Chesterfield, Powhatan, Gloucester, Hanover, and Henrico.

8th Circuit—William Daniel, Cumberland, Buckingham, Campbell, Bedford, and Lynchburg.

9th Circuit—William Leigh, Halifax, Charlotte, Prince Edward, Loudoun, and Mecklenburg.

10th Circuit—Fleming Saunders, Grayson, Patrick, Henry, Franklin, and Pittsylvania.

11th Circuit—Richard H. Field, Fluvanna, Louisa, Orange, Madison and Culpeper.

12th Circuit—Lucas P. Thompson, Amherst, Rockbridge, Nelson, Albemarle, and Augusta.

13th Circuit—Richard E. Parker, Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan, Hampshire, and Frederick.

14th Circuit—Daniel Smith, Page, Shenandoah, Hardy, Pendleton, and Rockingham.

15th Circuit—Benjamin Estill, Lee, Scott, Russell, Tazewell, & Washington.

16th Circuit—James E. Brown, Giles, Buchanan, Botetourt, and Monroe.

17th Circuit—Allen Taylor, Botetourt, Alleghany, Pocahontas, and Greenbrier.

18th Circuit—Edwin S. Duncan, Fayette, Nicholas, Randolph, Lewis, and Harrison.

19th Circuit—Lewis Summers, Wood, Jackson, Mason, Cabell, Logan, and Kanawha.

20th Circuit—Joseph L. Fry, Preston, Monongalia, Tyler, Brooke, and Ohio.

New Judges.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

TUESDAY, APRIL 19.

Mr. Leigh submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved by the General Assembly, That the special adjourned terms of the existing Superior Courts of Law, whereof the regular terms would have commenced or been continued, in the interval between the 1st day of the present month and 14th day of the termination of the present session of Assembly, but were suspended by the provisions of an act, passed on the 11th day of last, entitled "An act to provide more effectually for the holding of the existing Superior Courts of Law and for other purposes,"

shall be held according to the provisions of the before recited act, by the Judge of the General Court and of the Superior Courts of Law and Chancery, elected at the present session of Assembly, who shall be assigned to the Judicial Circuit, which the county or corporation for which said special or adjourned terms are to be held, constitutes a part.

2. Resolved, That the special or adjourned terms of the existing Superior Courts of Law and Chancery, which were commenced or continued, in the interval between the 1st day of the present month and the 14th day of the termination of the present session of Assembly, but have been suspended by the provisions of the before recited act, shall be held, according to the provisions of the before recited act, by the Judge of the General Court and of the Superior Courts of Law and Chancery, elected at the present session of Assembly, who shall be assigned to the Judicial Circuit, whereof the county in which such special or adjourned terms are to be held, constitutes a part.

3. Resolved, That the regular terms of the existing Superior Courts of Law and District Courts of Chancery, which are appointed to commence in the interval between the 15th day after the termination of the present session of Assembly and the 15th day of June next, shall be held according to the provisions of the before recited act, by the Judge of the General Court and Superior Courts of Law and Chancery, elected at the present session of Assembly, who shall be assigned to the Judicial Circuit, whereof the county or corporation for which such regular term may be to be held, constitutes a part.

Provided, however, That Judge Wm. Brockenbrough shall hold such special, adjourned, or regular terms, of the existing Superior Courts of Law and District Courts of Chancery, at which the counties of Buchanan and Chesterfield, and the Judge John F. May shall hold such special, adjourned, or regular terms of the existing Superior Courts of Law for the counties of Henrico and Hanover, and of the existing District Court of Chancery holden at Richmond.

4. Resolved, That the Judges of the General Court and of the Superior Courts of Law and Chancery, elected at the present session of Assembly, shall each respectively hold a special term in each of the counties and corporations within the circuits to, and for which the said Judges have each respectively been elected, at such time to be appointed by them, each respectively, on the 15th day between the 1st day of May and the 15th day of June next, for the purpose of appointing and receiving the qualifications of the Clerks of the said Superior Courts of Law and Chancery respectively, of each circuit respectively, according to the provisions of the act, passed at the present session of Assembly, entitled "An act to establish a Court of Law and Chancery in each of the counties in this Commonwealth, and in certain corporations therein mentioned."

5. Resolved, That the Judges of the General Court, and of the Superior Courts of Law and Chancery, shall stand in comparison, with respect to precedence and seniority, in the order wherein their names are here under written, that is to say: Wm. Brockenbrough, Daniel Smith, Fleming Saunders, William Daniel, Richard E. Parker, Lewis Summers, William Brown, Allen Taylor, John F. Upshur, Richard H. Field, John Scott, John Lomax, Robert B. Taylor, John Scott, William Leigh, Lucas P. Thompson, Benjamin Estill, James E. Brown, Edwin S. Duncan, Joseph L. Fry.

Several resolutions were adopted by both houses.

AN ACT.

To explain an act, entitled an act concerning land delinquent for non-payment of taxes, and making disposition of certain lands delinquent for such lands as are held for the benefit of actual and bona fide holders thereof, under grants from the Commonwealth, passed at the present session of Assembly: Passed April 9th, 1851.

Whereas doubts may arise upon the construction of the said act, passed at the present session of Assembly, in relation to certain lands delinquent for non-payment of taxes, and making disposition of certain lands delinquent for such lands as are held for the benefit of actual and bona fide holders thereof, under grants from the Commonwealth, for removing such doubts, and explaining more clearly the true intent, meaning and effect of the said sections of the said recited act.

Be it declared and enacted, That all the provisions in the said recited act contained which relate to the extension of such lands as were originally granted under the act, passed at the May session of seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, entitled "an act for establishing a land office, and ascertaining the terms and manner of granting waste and unappropriated lands," and the subsequent acts on the same subject, are and shall be applicable also, and applied and extended to lands lying on the Western waters of the Commonwealth, that may have been granted before the passing of the said act of May session, seventeen hundred and seventy-nine, as well as delinquent lands, and lands held under grants from the Commonwealth, in the amount of seventy-nine, and shall be extended, as by the said twentieth section, are made redeemable, and further time for the redemption thereof, allowed, till the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three.

The foregoing is a true copy from the Roll.

GEORGE W. MINNOR, Secy. of the Roll.

April 12, 1851. [April 28]

Stanton and Potomac Rail Road.

PURSUANT to an Act of the General Assembly of Virginia, entitled, "An act to incorporate the Stanton and Potomac Rail Road Company," the subscribers, as commissioners for the county of Rockingham, will open books for subscription to the stock of said company, at the tavern of Col. Wm. McMahon, in the town of Hagerstown, at 11 o'clock, A. M. on Monday the 3d day of May next, (being court day), to be continued open at least ten days. The said act requires subscribers five dollars on each share, at the time of subscribing.

Charles Lewis, Geo. H. Christman, Robert H. Grotlan, J. D. Williamson, James Hall.

John Kenney, Secy. of the Board.

April 14, 1851.

POLITICAL.

RESIGNATION OF THE CABINET.

From the National Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, 7th day April, 1851.

Dear Sir:—Four days ago I communicated to you my desire to relinquish the duties of the War Department, and I now take occasion to repeat the request, which was then made. I am not disposed, by any sudden withdrawal, to interrupt, or retard, the business of the Government. A short time will be sufficient, I hope, to enable you to direct your attention towards some person, in whose capacity, industry, and friendly disposition, you may have confidence, to assist in the complicated and laborious duties of your administration. Two or three weeks, perhaps less, may be sufficient for the purpose.

In coming to this conclusion, candor demands of me to say, that it arises from no dissatisfaction entertained towards you, from any misunderstanding between us, on any subject; nor from any diminution, on my part, of that friendship and confidence which has ever been reposed in you.

I entered your Cabinet, as is well known to you, contrary to my own wishes; and having nothing to desire, either as it regards myself or friends, have ever since cherished a determination to avail myself of the first favorable moment, after your Administration should be in successful operation, to retire. It occurs to me, that the time is now at hand, when I may do so with propriety, and in proper respect to you. Looking to the present state of things, which, being fairly developed, is before the people, for approval or condemnation, I cannot consider the step I am taking, objectionable, or that it is one, the tendency of which can be to affect or injure a course of policy by you already advantageously commenced, and which I hope will be carried out to the benefit and advancement of the people.

Tendering my sincere wishes for your prosperity and happiness, and for your successful efforts in the cause of your country,

I am, very truly, your friend,

J. H. EATON.

To ANDREW JACKSON, President of the U. States.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 8, 1851.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of yesterday was received, and I have carefully considered it. When you conversed with me the other day, on the subject of your withdrawing from the cabinet, I expressed to you a sincere desire that you would well consider of it; for, however reluctant I am to be deprived of your services, I cannot consent to retain you contrary to your own inclination to remain, particularly as I well know that in 1825, when I invited you to become a member of my cabinet, you objected, and expressed a desire to be excused, and only gave up your objections at my pressing solicitation.

An acquaintance with you, of twenty years standing, assured me, that in your honesty, prudence, capacity, discretion, and judgment, I could safely rely and confide. I have not been disappointed. With the performance of your duties, since you have been with me, I have been fully satisfied; and, go where you will, be your destiny what it may, my best wishes will always attend you.

I will avail myself of the earliest opportunity to obtain some qualified friend to succeed you; and, until then, I must solicit that the acceptance of your resignation be deferred.

I am, very sincerely and respectfully, your friend,

ANDREW JACKSON.

Maj. J. H. EATON, Secretary of War.

From the Washington Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 18, 1851.

Sir: In communicating to me this morning, the information of the resignation of the Secretary of State and Secretary of the Treasury, I am aware of the reasons which had induced the former to take this step, you were pleased to observe that this proceeding was made known to me as one of those whom you had selected to fill the administration of the Government, and you suggested that I would, after a few days reflection, have a further conversation with you on this subject. But, in recurring to the brief remarks made at the time, as well as to the letter of resignation of the Secretary of State, which you were good enough to submit for my perusal, I have not been able to ascertain what particular matter was intended to be proposed for my reflection, as connected with this event. Under these circumstances, and being desirous of avoiding the possibility of misapprehension as to your views, I would respectfully inquire whether the measure adopted by the Secretary of State and of War, is deemed to involve considerations on which you expect a particular communication from me, and, if so, of what nature.

I have the honor to be, respectfully, your obedient servant,

S. D. INGHAM.

To the President of the U. S.

you invited me, to-day, from the uncertainty as to the object of your communication yesterday, which I had referred to in my note of last evening; and have to make my acknowledgments for the kindness with which you have expressed your satisfaction with the manner in which I have discharged all the duties of the station to which you had thought proper to invite me, and your conviction of the public confidence in my administration of the Treasury Department. I beg leave, however, to state, in my own justification, for not following the example of the Secretary of State and Secretary of War, in making a voluntary tender of the resignation of my office, as soon as I was acquainted with theirs, that I was wholly unconscious of the application, to myself, of any of the reasons, so far as I was apprised of them, which had induced them to withdraw from the public service. It, therefore, seemed to be due to my own character, which might otherwise have been exposed to unfavorable imputations, that I should find a reason for resigning, in a distinct expression of your wish to that effect; this wish has now been frankly announced, and has enabled me to place my retirement on its true ground.

I have, therefore, the honor of tendering to you my resignation of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, which you will be pleased to accept, to take effect as soon as my services may be dispensed with consistently with your views of the public interest.

I seize the occasion to offer you my thanks for the many testimonials I have received of your kindness and confidence, during our official connexion; and especially for the renewed assurance this day of the same sentiment.

S. D. INGHAM.

His Excellency ANDREW JACKSON, President U. S.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 20, 1851.

Sir: Late last evening I had the honor to receive your letter of that date, tendering your resignation of the office of Secretary of the Treasury.

When the resignations of the Secretary of State and Secretary of War were tendered, I considered fully the reasons offered, and all the circumstances connected with the subject. After mature deliberation, I concluded to accept those resignations. But when this conclusion was come to, it was accompanied with a conviction that I must entirely renew my Cabinet. Its members had been invited by me to the stations they occupied—it had come together in great harmony, and as a unit. Under the circumstances in which I found myself, I could not but perceive the propriety of selecting a cabinet composed of entirely new materials, as being calculated, in this respect at least, to command public confidence and satisfy public opinion.

Neither could I be insensible to the fact, that to permit two only to retire, would be to afford room for unjust misconceptions and malignant misrepresentations concerning the influence of their particular presence upon the conduct of public affairs. Justice to the individuals whose public spirit had impelled them to tender their resignations, also required, then, in my opinion, the decision which I have stated. However painful to my own feelings, it became necessary that I should frankly make known to you the whole subject.

In accepting your resignation, it is with great pleasure that I bear testimony to the integrity and zeal with which you have managed the concerns of the Navy. In your discharge of all the duties of your office, over which I have any control, I have been fully satisfied; and in your retirement you carry with you my best wishes for your prosperity and happiness.

It is expected that you will continue to discharge the duties of your office until a successor is appointed.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your most obedient servant,

ANDREW JACKSON.

JOHN BRANCH, Secretary of the Navy.

Valuable Jefferson Land FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, as the agent and attorney of Thomas Fairfax, Esq. of Alexandria, offers for sale that valuable estate in Jefferson county, Virginia, known as the "MILLAGE," consisting of

673 ACRES OF LAND, a large proportion of which is in timber of the finest quality. The advantages possessed by this property are very great. Lying near the Potomac and Shenandoah rivers, it is in the vicinity of the large mills erected upon these streams, whilst all the facilities for raising and producing to market, to be derived from the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and the Baltimore and Ohio Road, will be enjoyed by it in the highest degree. There is a large and constant stream of water running through the tract, of such magnitude that it supplies several valuable mills before it reaches this point. There are also several fine lime stone springs on the estate. The cleared land is in a high state of cultivation, and the fences are good. Possession can be had immediately.

The terms will be accommodating, and if found advantageous to do so, the tract will be divided into two parts to suit purchasers. All applications to be made to the subscriber, residing at Warrenton, Jefferson county, Va. JOSEPH T. DAUGHERTY, Feb. 17, 1851—ff.

CYCLOPEDIA FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, at the Charleston Apothecary and Book Store, "The Cyclopaedia, or Universal Dictionary of Arts, Sciences, History, Geography, &c. &c. &c. by D. F. B. L. S. & Co. &c." The above described work is complete, bound in calf leather, lettered and numbered, and will be sold for

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that I felt it to be indispensable to re-organize my Cabinet, paper—that it had come in harmoniously, and as a unit; and as a part was about to leave me, which on to-morrow would be announced, a re-organization was necessary to guard against misrepresentation. These were my remarks, made to you in candor and sincerity. Your letter gives a different import to my words.

Your letter contains no remark as to your performing the duties of the office until a successor is appointed. On this subject, I should be glad to know your views.

I am, very respectfully, yours,

ANDREW JACKSON.

The Hon. JOHN BRANCH, Secretary of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 19, 1851.

Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of this date, in answer to mine of the same.

In reply to your remark that there is one expression in my letter to which you must except, I would respectfully answer, that I gave what I understood to be the substance of your conversation. I did not pretend to quote your language.

I regret that I misunderstood you in the slightest degree; I, however, stand corrected, and cheerfully accept the interpretation which you have given to your own expression.

I shall freely continue my best exertions to discharge the duties of the Department, until you provide a successor.

I have the honor to be, with the greatest respect, your ob't servant,

JOHN BRANCH.

To the President U. S.

WASHINGTON, APRIL 20, 1851.

Sir: Late last evening I had the honor to receive your letter of that date, tendering your resignation of the office of the Secretary of the Navy.

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THE FREE</

THE FREE PRESS.

THURSDAY, APRIL 28, 1851.

THE COURTS.

By a joint resolution of both houses of the General Assembly, passed on the last day of the session, Judges have been assigned for holding the Spring Term of the Superior Courts of Law and Chancery.

THE CABINET.

We present in our columns, today, official notices of the most extraordinary event which has ever occurred in our political history—the resignation of the whole cabinet.

Among the reports of the day, in reference to the persons likely to be selected for the new Cabinet, we have the following:

EDWARD LIVINGSTON, of Louisiana, Secretary of State;

LOUIS McLANE, of Delaware, Secretary of the Treasury;

HUGH L. WHITE, of Tennessee, or THOMAS H. BERTON, of Missouri, Secretary of War;

LEVI WOODBURY, of New Hampshire, or ANDREW STEVENSON, of Virginia, Secretary of the Navy;

P. P. BARBOUR, of Virginia, or JAMES BRUCE ARMY, of Pennsylvania, Attorney General.

It was also reported, among the news of the day at Washington, on Friday last, that Judge TUCKER, of Virginia, had been offered a place in the cabinet; but that he could not turn his back upon the high compliment lately conferred upon him by the Legislature of Virginia, and consequently declined the honor tendered him by the President.

It has been stated in some of the prints, that Mr. BARRY, the Postmaster General, tendered his resignation, but the President refused to accept it.

The price of Flour in Baltimore on Saturday last, was \$5 02½ to \$5 75. In Alexandria, \$5 37 to \$5 40.

MEDICINE.

What painful and agreeable sensations does this word create! Painful, when we behold in imminent danger, some beloved object or intimate friend, prostrate on the bed of sickness, slowly sinking under the influence of disease, and administering as a healing drug that which becomes a fatal poison!

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT. DAVID PORTER, of Pennsylvania, to be Charge d'Affaires of the United States at the Sublime Porte.

WYLLIAM CARROLL, of St. Helena, to be Consul General of the United States at St. Helena.

GEORGE F. BROWN, of Virginia, to be Consul Commercial Agent of the United States at Algiers.

THOMAS B. MARSHALL, of Tennessee, to be Marshal of the United States for the Western District of Tennessee, vice Robert Purdy, deceased.

EDMUND CHRISTIAN, of Virginia, to be Marshal of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, vice John Pogram, dec'd.

GEORGE STROBLE, of Pennsylvania, to be Consul of the United States for the port of Bordeaux, in France, vice Daniel Stroble, resigned.

JEFFERSON LAND. As the agent and Attorney at Law, of Alexandria, Virginia, Charles H. Jones, called "The Hand of the Navy."

LAND. of which is in timber of the advantages possessed by very great. Lying on the Shenandoah river, it is the largest mill-pond on the river, and is well adapted for the manufacture of lumber, and is well adapted for the manufacture of lumber, and is well adapted for the manufacture of lumber.

The Georgetown Columbian states that the toll received on the Canal between the 21st of March and the 19th April, amounted to eight thousand four hundred dollars.

Profits of Rail Ways.—It is stated that the Liverpool and Manchester Rail Way, for the first nine weeks, for passengers alone, exceeded £18,000 or \$80,000!

The Pennsylvania State Loan of \$2,483,161, for the prosecution of internal improvements, has been taken by the Bank of Pennsylvania at a premium of six per cent.

Death by Drowning.—The York (Pa.) Gazette states that the body of a female, apparently about eighteen years of age, was drawn from the Susquehanna river at Mussers' Fishery, in that county, on Thursday last. Several gold rings were found on the deceased's fingers, but nothing else was observed, by which her person could be identified.

RUSSIA OF WAR-BETWEEN AUSTRIA AND FRANCE.

The New Bedford Mercury of Wednesday, contains the following:

The brig Franklin, S. H. Howard, master, arrived at this port yesterday, left Flushing the 25th of March. — France had joined the Belgians against the King of Holland, and the French General had been at Brussels to take command of the United Armies. An order had reached Flushing to put in immediate readiness the whole of the Dutch Navy. It was rumored and believed that Austria had declared War against France. Capt. H. brought no papers.

The Journal of Commerce copies the above and says—It is three days later from the continent than had been previously received, and may be a day later from Paris,—the distance from that capital to Flushing, being about 180 miles. Latest dates from Paris before received, March 22, morning.

Nevertheless we are not prepared to believe that so important events could have transpired in a single day, as the formal declaration of the French government in favor of Belgium, and the sending of a French General to Brussels, as late within two days as could have been received at Flushing.

In regard to the order for putting in commission the Dutch Marine, the information is so direct, that it can hardly be questioned. If correct, the object may be, to co-operate with the British squadron, sent or to be sent to the Scheldt, in enforcing the decisions of the London Protocols in regard to Belgium. Or it may be intended only as a preparation against emergencies. — Captain H. is said to be a very intelligent man.

THE travelling on the Rail Road for business, recreation, and from curiosity, has increased with the fitness and warmth of the weather, and the increase of transportation is, in proportion, much greater than the travelling—there is therefore little doubt that the gross receipts from all sources will exceed those of last year, even on the portion of it between the city and Ellicott's Mills, while the expenses are much reduced—and in the month of June next, when the trial of the locomotive engine will take place, the receipts from the large concourse of spectators must exceed in amount those of any four months of the past year.

In Frederick county there is a general feeling among all classes to witness the trial of the steam cars, and were we to judge of the probable attendance of individuals from the wishes manifested in conversing about it, we should say that a thousand persons from that section of the country alone, would be a moderate estimate. There are, we understand, five steam cars building in Philadelphia for the trial, made upon various and highly improved models, combining all the requisites of power and rapidity of motion, each one of which will of course attract many individuals to our city, who are connected with their construction, or have taken an interest in their mechanical arrangement and completion.

Besides these we shall have the presence of the many warm friends of Rail Roads from each section of the Union, all of whom will feel naturally solicitous to witness the first public trial of American skill in the improvement of locomotive engines, so important to give full effect to their favorite mode of transportation—and when to these we add the vast number of individuals who will be drawn by curiosity alone to our city, from all parts of the surrounding country, to witness the extremely interesting and novel exhibition, we estimate that many thousands will be present daily during the amicable contest, which will be held on the least exaggerated.

CONGRESS.—The following are the official returns of the recent election in this State, of Representatives to the 29th Congress.

Table with 3 columns: Name, District, and Votes. Includes names like BARBER, KILWORTH, HUNTINGTON, INGERSOLL, STORRS, and YOUNG.

So that the whole of the late Delegation, one of the ablest in the whole Congress, is re-elected. [Nat. Int.]

MARRIED. On Tuesday the 19th inst. by the Rev. Mr. McCarty, Mr. HARRISON GOVAY, of Berryville, Frederick county, to Miss ANNE C. LOCK, daughter of the late Mr. John Lock, of this county.

On the same day, by the Rev. Seely Bunn, Mr. DAVID GOODY, to Miss CATHERINE GILBERT, both of Smithfield.

DEED. On Saturday last, after a lingering illness, Mr. JOHN LOCK, sen. in the 85th year of his age, one of the oldest and most respectable citizens of this county, died.

At Baltimore, on Friday the 15th instant, in the 47th year of his age, the Hon. KOLAN C. MARSHALL, for several years past a prominent member of the House of Representatives of the United States from Vermont, and for the last five or six years known as the active and talented Chairman of the Commission on Manufactures.

WE are authorized to announce WILLIAM ANKERMAN, Esq. as a candidate to represent the district composed of the counties of Jefferson, Berkeley, Hampshire, Morgan and Hardy, in the 2nd Congress of the United States.

COLONIZATION SOCIETY. The annual meeting of the Charlotte Harbor Colonization Society will be held at the Methodist Church in Charlotte, at 10 o'clock, on Friday the 20th inst. The annual report of the Society will be read, and the citizens of these places knowing him well, will only regret that he cannot be present to merit a continuation of their confidence and patronage.

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